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CIA and Guatemala Assausination Proposals 1952-1954

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CIA History Stuff Analysis

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June 1995

### <u>Introduction</u>

In the early 1950s, the Central Intelligence Agency directed covert operations almost at removing the government of Jecobo Arbens Guzzanz from power in Guntenals. Included in these efforts were various suggestions for the disposal of lay Arbenz government officials and Gustemalan Communists. The Agency drew up lists of individuals for assassination, discussed training Cantennalan earlies for assassination teams, and conducted intimidation programs against prominent Gustemalan officials.

This brief study traces, in a chromological manner, the injection of assessination planning and proposals into the PRECETUNE covert operation against the Arbenz government in 1952 and into the PREUCCESS operation in 1954. It attempts to illustrate the depth of such planning and the level of involvement of Agency officials. It also attempts to detail where the proposals originated, who approved them, and how advanced the preparations for such actions were. Finally, the study examines the implementation of such planning and the results — i.e., in the end, the plans were abundaned and no Arbenz officials or Gustemakan Communists were killed. The study is based almost exclusively on Directorate of Operations records relating to PBFORTUNE and PBSUCCESS.

### **Backeround**

As early as 1952 US policymakers viewed the government of President Arbent with some alarm. Although he had been popularly elected in 1930, growing Communist influence within his government gave rise to concern in the United States that Arbenz had established an effective working alliance with the Communists. Moreover, Arbenz's policies had demaged US business interests in Gustemala; a sweeping agrarian reform called for the expropriation and refissibilities of much of the United Fruit Company's land. Although most high-level US officials recognized that a hostile government in Gustemala by itself did not constitute a direct security threat to the United States, they viewed events there in the context of the growing global Cold War struggle with the Soviet Union and feared that Gustemala could become a client state from which the Soviets could project power and influence throughout the Western Hemisphere.

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CIA and Intelligence Community reports tended to support the view that
Guatemala and the Arberz regime were rapidly falling under the sway of the Communists.
Director of Central Intelligence (DCI) Walter Bedell Smith and other Agency officials
believed the situation called for action. Their assessment was, that without help, the
Guatemalan opposition would remain inept, disorganized and ineffective. The artiCommunist elements — the Calbolic hierarchy, landowners, business interests, the railway
workers union, university students, and the Army were prepared to prevent a Communist
accession to power, but they had little outside support.

Other US officials, especially in the Department of State, urged a more cautious approach. The Bureau of Inter-American Affairs, for example, did not want to present "the spectacle of the elephant staking with alarm before the mouse." It wanted a policy of firm persuation with the withholding of virtually all cooperative assistance, and the concluding of military defense assistance pacts with El Salvador, Nicaragus, and Honduras. Although the Department of State position became the official public US policy, the CIA assessment of the situation had support within the Truman administration as well. This led to the development of a covert action program designed to topple the Arbenz government - - PBFORTUNE.

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SEEKFORD, the CIA agent in touch with Castillo Armas, forwarded to Headquarters a disposal list compiled by Castillo Armas. That list called for the execution through executive action of 52 Guatemalans (Category I) and the imprisonment or exile of 74 additional Guatemalans (Category II). SEEKFORD also reported at the same time, 18 September 1952, that General Raikel Tayillo, the dictator of the Dominican Republic, had agreed to aid Castillo Armas in roture for the "killing of four Santo Dominicans at present residing in Guatemala a few days prior to D-Day." According to SEEKFORD, Castillo Armas readily agreed, but cautioned that it could not be done prior to D-day because of security reasons. Castillo Armas further added that his own plans included similar action and that special squade were already being trained. 14 There is no record that Headquarters took any action regarding Castillo Armas list.

After the PBFORTUNE operation was officially terminated, the Agency continued to pick up reports of assumination planning on the part of the Gustemalan opposition. In late Newsmber 1952, the example, an opposition Gustemalan leader, in a conversation with SEEKFORD, confirmed that Castillo Armas had special "K" groups whose mission was to fell all leading political and military leaders, and that the hit list with the location of the homes and offices of all targets had already been drawn up. 12 On 12 December: SEEKFORD reported further that Castillo Armas planned to make maximum use of the "K" groups." Another source subsequently reported that Nicaraguan, Honderse, and Salvadoran soldiers in civilian clothes would infiltrate Gustemala and assassinate unnamed Communist leaders.

In addition to monitoring events in Guatemala, the Agency continued to try to
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ASSESSMENT AND UNDERSTREET MINISTER OFFICERS (Fifteen reflected to the document of the selection)
CAUSE, AN SEPTEMBER 19331 Inlen cent I "1
action which included a reference to "neutralizing" key Guatemalan military leaders."
- A A A A A A A A

In the psychological warfare area, Guatentala City Station sent [ ] all leading Communists in Guatemala, "death notice" cards for 30 straight days beginning 15 April 1953. The Station repeated the operation beginning 15 June 1953 but reported no reaction from the targeted leaders. "

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#### PRSUCCESS

By the fall of 1953, US policymakers, including CIA officials, were searching for a new overall program for dealing with Arbenz. The Guatemalan leader had moved even closer to the Communists. He had expropriated additional United Fruit Company holdings, legalized the Quatemalan Communist Party, the PGT, and suppressed anti-Communist opposition following an abortive uprising at Salami. In response, the National Security Council authorized a covert action operation against Arbenz and gave the CIA primary responsibility.<sup>23</sup>

The CIA plan, as drawn up by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_] s Western Hemisphere Division, combined psychological warfare, accordingly, diplomatic, and paramilitary actions against Gustemala. Named PBSUCCESS, and coordinated with the Department of State, the plan's stated objective was "to remove covertly, and without bloodshed if possible, the meason of the present Communist-controlled government of Gustemala." In the outline of the operation the sixth stage called for the "roll-up" of Communists and collaborators after a successful coup."

	Dulles places [ ] in charge of PBSUCCESS and sent a senior DD	<b>P</b>
officer		
	ng and execution of PBSUCCESS. Other key Agency figures involved were	
and [	]Chief of the[ ] Staff. Departm	vent of
State [	Assistant Socretary of State for	_
	I from the Office of [ ] Affairs, and [	J
State li	laison to the Agency, also played ensjor roles.	

## Training.

CIA planning for substage teams in early 1954 also included creating a "K" group trained to perform assussinations. The main mission of the substage teams or harassment teams, however, was to attack local Communists and Communist property and to avoid

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## Psychological Worfers

As in PEFORTUNE, an intensive psychological warfare program paralleled the planning for paramilitary action. Utilizing the anti-Communist network established by a Guatemalan dissident, the Chief of Political and Psychological Operations at LINCOLN developed a major propaganda campaign against the Arbent government. Fatt of this program included the sending of new mourning cards to top Communist leaders. These cards mourned the imminent purge or execution of various Communists throughout the world and histed of the forthonning doom of the addressee. Death lessers were also sent to top Guatemalan Communists such as

Guatemala City Station, [\_\_\_\_\_\_] prepared these letters for the dissident leader. The "Nerve War Against Individuals," as it was called, also included sending wooden collins, hangman's mouser, and phony bombs to selected individuals. Such slogues as "Here Lives a Spy" and "You have Only 5 Days" were painted on their houses. 30

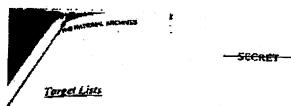
Wanting to go beyond mere threats, the dissident leader suggested that the "violent disposal" of one of the top Guatemaku Communists would have a positive effect on the resistance movement and undermine Communist morale. The dissident leader's recommendations called for the formation of a covert action group to perform violent, illegal acts against the government. LINCOLN excitoned the dissident leader, however; that such techniques were designed only to destroy a person's usefulness. By destroy "we do not mean to kill the man," LINCOLN exhibit the dissident leader. Responding to the proposal that a top Communist leader be killed. [ ] Guatemala City told. [ ] be could not recommend assuminating any "death letter" recipients at this time because it might touch off "wholesale reprisals." Reliterating that the plan was "to beare not kill," he nevertheless suggested that [ ] might wish to "study the suggestion for utility now or in the fature.")

While Agency paramilitary and psychological warfare planning both included suggestions which implied assassination proposals, these proposals appear never to have been implemented. The Labie had sought to use Castillo Armas' "K" group scheme but there was no State Department or White House support. Such was also the case when the subject of assassination emerged in high-level Agency and inter-agency planning discussions.

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A weekly PBSUCCESS meeting at Headquarters on 9 March 1954 considered the elimination of 15-20 of Guatemala's top leaders with "Trajillo's trained pistoleros." Those attending the meeting were DP Operations, along with State Department representatives Addressing the group, [ ] while stating clearly that "such climplan and could be done," objected to the proposal at that time. [ Inhile stating clearly that "such elimination was part of the ] however, expressed the view that "knocking off" the leaders might make it possible for the Army to take QVer."55 Pollowing this meeting. appears to be the Agency official who revived discussion of assassination as an option. On 25 Murch he broached the subject with Who had just returned from the Organization of American States meeting in Caracas, Venezuela, that ] me [ voted 17 to 1 to condemn communism in Gustemala. With again present [ ] release [ ] if he had changed his thinking since the conference on the possible methods to get rid of the Arbenz government. [ ] replied that in his opinion the alimination of those in high positions of the government would bring about its collapse." He then qualified his statement, according to \[ \] Is mente, by saying that perhaps "even a smaller number, say 20, would be sufficient." ]visited[ Jon 31 March. The records Less than a week later[ ], 34 but on that date the do not indicate why ]Bow to [ were asked to draw up an up-dated target list. Criteria for inclusion on the disposal list required that individuals be (1) high government and organizational leaders "irrevocably implicated in Communist doctrine and policy," (2) "out and out proven Communist leaders," or (3) those few individuals in key government and military positions of tactical importance "whose residual for psychological, organizational or other reasons ismandatory for the success of malitary action, with Ichief took the new list with him when he commuted Castillo The Armas on 7 April 1954. I also borrowed a supy of the I chief and Captillo Arman apparently discussed the list on the same day. The list and at least texterively agreed that any assumination would take place during the actual invasion of Gustemals by Custillo Armas' forces. There was still no time date for the actual beginning of hestilities, however. 14 Agency contacts with conservative Guatemalan exile leader 🗍 at the same time also produced as assassination list. 🛴 provided a CIA cutous with a list of Communist leaders he would like to see executed. ] as a loose cannon, however. They did not want him to become ]\*\*\*\*[ involved in PBSUCCESS. CIA received further Department of State encouragement for assassination I in a meeting plotting in April 1954. Fueling the fire for action, and another CIA officer, concluded that "more drawin and definitive steps to overthrow the government (in

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Gustemals] must be taken," In response to a question of whether Gustemalan [  [ was "salvageable," [	
On 16 May 1954 the [ ] Officer at [ ] proposed in a memorandum to [ ] the new Chief of [ ] and [ ] Inow serving as [ that assassination be incorporated into the psychological part of PBSUCCESS. The [ ] Officer laid out a specific assassination schedule leading up to D-Day, the actuinvestion by Castillo Armas. He proposed a raid on [ ] on D12. This was to be a show of force; no one was to be immed and the attack.	
was to take place when \[ ] was absent \[ ] The \[ ] Officer, however, proposed the disposal of \[ ], or \[ ]-10 ax a means of paralyzing the \[ ]  Th. \[ ] Officer suggested that \[ ]  The killed on D-8. This would, according to the \[ ] Officer, eliminate the \[ ] Officer called for the \[ ]	
the [ ] character of the Arbenz regime. The [ ] Officer called for the disposal on D-6 of [ ] in the Guatemalan Communist Party (PGT) [ ] This would leave Guatemala's [ ] we believed. On D-4 [ ] was to be climinated so that the rebel	1
forces would not have to worry about him or deal with him after victory. The [Officer considered the possibility of repristle as a weakness in his scheme, but decided the "such actions were expected anyway." The [Officer argued that his proposed, if adopted, would not only be physically impressive but psychologically significant by providing a show of strength for the opposition. It would also "soften up" the enemy. Hadded that his first three suggestions had the previous approval of [IN].	f
On 21 May [ ] asked Headquarters for permission to implement the [ Officer's proposal and asked for suggestions about the specific individuals to be targeted. No reply from Headquarters to [ ] has been found. On 29 May 1954, however, the [ ] Chief requested the names of the "four men" he and the [ ] Officer discussed assassinating. More than likely, the [ ] chief wanter to take up the issue again with Castillo Annas. Again, no cable reply from Headquarters or [ ] has been found. At the same time, [ ] continued compiling information on [ ] and lists of home addresses for individuals named on the "disposal list" drafted in April. ( ] believed [ ] was a "worthy target."	
Meanwhile, Junyeled to Washington and submitted a proposal on 1 June 1954 that suggested that as an alternative approach to the paramilitary action program "specific subotage and possibly political assassination should be carefully worked out and effected."  I took up Jungestion in discussions with Long and 2 June. According to Jungestion in discussions with Long and 2 June. According to Junesidered the proposal and then ruled it out, "at least for the immediate future," on the ground that it would prove counterproductive. Juneted more specific plants concerning the individual targets, timing and statement of purpose. Both June Junet Juneted out. This appears to be the end of	

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serious planning in Washington for the inclusion of selective assessination proposals in PBSUCCESS. Returning from Washington t. [ ], on 2 June 1954, [ ] however, reported to his staff that the consensus in Washington was that "Arbenz must go; how does not matter."

## The Paramilitary Operation

J. killed. The T. J. frustrated by the continued inaction of the Guaternalus military commander, told him that if he wanted them billed he should do it bismelt. Despite the Guaternalus military commander's vaciliation, a Jumble indicated that he remained commande that [ ] that to be eliminated.

President Arbenz, on 27 June 1954, in a bitterly anti-American speech, resigned his office and sought asylum in the Mexican embassy in Gustemain City.

[1, 24] After Castillo Armas assumed the presidency, however, Arbenz was allowed to teave the country for Mexico, which granted him political asylum. In addition, 120 other Arbenz government officials or Communists departed Gustemals under a safe passage agreement with the Castillo Armas government. There is no evidence that any Gustemalans were executed.

#### **CONCLUSION**

CIA officers responsible for planning and implementing covert action against the Arbenz government engaged in extensive discussions over a two-and a half year period about the possibility of assassinating Gustemake officials.

Consideration of using assassination to purpose Gustemake of Communist influence was born of the extreme international tensions in the early Cold War years. The Agency did not act unilaterally, but consulted with State Department officials with responsibility for policy toward Latin-America. In the end, no assassinations of Gustemalan officials were carried out, according to all available evidence.

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Proposals for assassination pervaded both PBFORTUNE and PBSUCCESS, rather than being confined to an early stage of these programs. Even before official approval of PBFORTUNE, CIA officers compiled elimination lists and discussed the concept of assassination with Guaternalea opposition leaders. Until the day that Arbenz resigned in June 1954 the option of assassination was still being considered.

Discussions of assassination reached a high level within the Agency. Among those involved were

known to have been present at one meeting where the subject of assassimation came up. It is likely that was also aware in general terms that assassination was under discussion. Beyond planning, some actual preparations were made. Some assassins were aclusted, training begin, and tentative "hit lists" were drawn up.

Yet no covert action plan involving assessinations of Gusternaluse was ever approved or implemented. The official objective of PBSUCCESS was to remove the Gusternalus government covertly "without bloodshed if possible." Elimination lists were never finalized, assessination proposals remained controversial within the Agency, and it appears that no Gusternaluse associated with Arberts were assessinated. Both CIA and State Department officers were divided (and undecided) about using assessination.

Discussion of whether to assassinate Guatemalan Communists and leaders sympathetic to Communist programs took place in a historical era quite different from the present. Soviet Communism had earned a reputation of using whatever means were expedient to advance Moscow's interests interests interestly. Considering Moscow's machinations in Eastern Burepe, tole in the Korean War, sponsorship of subversion through Communist surrogates in the Third World, and espousal of an ideology that seemed to have global beganning as the ultimate objective, American officials and the American public alice regarded foreign Communist Parties as Soviet pawns and as threatening to vital US security interests.

Cold War resistes and perceptions conditioned American attitudes toward what political weapons were legitimate to use in the struggle against Communism. It would be over two decades after the events in Guatemala before DCI William Colby prohibited any CIA involvement in assumination and a subsequent Executive Order banned any US government in assumination.

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See Picto Gleijesus, Shattered Hope: The Guatemolon Revolution and the United States, 1944-1954 (Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1991), pp. 187-48. United Fruit dominated Quaternalan became production, controlled the international Realizant of Central America, and its merchant fleet had a virtual atonopoly of Guatemalan overseas shipping. It was account only to the Gustemalan government as

an employer.

Sot Gleijeses, Shattered Hope and Richard H. Immermun, The Chi in Gentemola: The Foreign

And de manual monitors of the Gusterselim Policy of Intervention, (Austin: University of Taxas Press, 1982) for general everyious of the Gunt situation in the early 1950s and US reaction. See also John Pourifly US Ambustador to Quaternals statement of 23 October 1953 in Department of State, Paraign Refutions of the United States, The American Republic 1950-1954, 4:1093. (Hestinalist tited to FRUS),

\*See PBSUCCESS Finning Documents, Directorate of Operations, Lutin American Division Records, Job Number 79-101025A, CLA Archivos (S). See also NSC 1447., 18 March 1953, FRUS 4: 1-77 and J. C. King, mono for DDP, "Entiume of Sijuntion in Gustemale," 11 Instany 1952 printed in Michael Warner, ed. The CL4 under Herry Trumon (Washington, DC: Center for the Study of Intelligence, CIA, 1994), pp. 452-53,

1. C. King, Chief, Western Hembsphere Division, disjusteh, 22 March 1952, Box 7 (5). See Busses of Inter-American Affairs, "Alternative Peticy Lines, 1953," and NSC, "Gustemaks," 19 August 1953, PRES, 4:1074-1086.

"Soc cable to Dulbes, "Confirment with ...," 4 August 1957, But 67 (S).

"Soc cable to Dulbes, "Confirment with ...," 4 August 1957, But 67 (S).

"Sex memorandum to Dulbes, "Conference with ...," 4 August 1952, But 69 (S).

"Ser [ ] "Chronology of Meeting's Leading to Apparent of Project A," 2 October 1952, Bon (S); to [ ] "Unsternals," 3 October 1952, Box 69 (S); and to Dulles, "Guatemals Situation," 9 July 69 (S); w[ 1952, Box 69.

\*See [ ] "Chronology of Massings Leading to Approval of Project A." (5). See size
Innocenses, CM in Gentemole, pp. 120-22. Because of security leaks and the locating of General Sources
shoul his and the Agency's role in supposting the minima PSPORTUNE was soon called all. Secretary
of State Down Asheon used DCI Smith to stop the operation on October 1952.

\*\*See Cable 24629 OPC/OSO/WHD to [ ] 26 January 1952, Box 7 (5). For a list of

\*\* See Cable 24629 OPC/OSO/WHD to [ ] 26 James 1752, Box 7 (5). For a the names and biographical data see, Chief, Economic Warfare Operations, LinCOLN to All Staff

Domingo," 13 September 1932, then 134 (5). Assumination was a comy but frequent tool of Gostematon politics. Achera himself benefited from the killing of his arch rival for the genericancy Francisc Arana in

\*\* Sos to [ ]merne, "Conference," 1 December 1952, Box 234 (S).

\*\*To [ ]merne, "Current Planning of Caligaria Organization," 12 December 1952, Box 134

abo, Acting Chief, [ ]Branch, Western Hemisphere Division that reported (S). See also, Acting Chief [ ] Branch, Western Hemisphere Division that reported in November 1932 that Castillo Arress was studying PW use of Equification lists. Memorandum for the record, "PW Conference," J Nevember 1952, Box 151 (5). The case afficer size reported that the Arbentz ant had targeted Castillo Armas for assaultation.

" See [ 300 March 1953, Box 150 (S). 18 See [ Inconstantium, "Proposed Course of Action If Plan is Not Continued in Present

Form," undated but probably 1953, Box 154 (S).

Wastern Hemisphere Division, memo, "PEFORTUNE," 28 August 1953, Box 72 (S). ] "Chartemain - General Plan of Action," 11 September 1953, Box 3 random from [ ] to [ ] 9 September 1953 (TS). ]memo in [ (IS). See also the attached memoraridum from [

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"See Oispanis, COS Gemenula City to LINCOLM, "Dearn "NSC Policy Paper, 19 August 1931, FREIS 4:1081.
"See [ ]to [ ] "Gustienula - General Plan of Action," Box 5 (TS) and [ Special Deputy for PRSUCCESS, moreo for the record, "Program for PRSUCCESS," 12 November 195. Box 135 (C). See also memo to [ ] "Summary of Directives and Instructions on PRSUCCESS," 1 November 1953, Box 142 (S). [ ] does not apocially mention assessination either.

Just Readquarters, 5 January of Directives and Control of the Paper of th
                          " See Oispanh, COS Generals City to LINCOLN, "Death Notices," 19 April (934, Box 98 (5).
     Ju Handquarters, 4 January 1934, Box 1 (5);
], "CALLIGERIS Briefing Noom," I
                                                                                                                                                                                                       ] mems for
      Headquarters, 31 January 1934, Box 1 ($).
    "To [ ] Report #5, [ ]." IN September (#57, Box 79 (5) and

[ ]." IN September (#57, Box 79 (5) and

[ ]." IN September (#57, Box 79 (5) and

[ ]. The September (#57, Box 79 (5) and

[ ]. The Headquarters Registry copy

at the proofs manifest for, B January 1954, Box 97 (8) lists the seasons? A Study of Assumption." A
     handwritten som on the original munifest says the pouch was carried to
                                                                                                                                                                              ] by [ ]. The serial
    saranination mudy is in Box $45 (8).
   "Sor [ ] Jos Herdquarters, & Juan 1954, Box 5 (5) or [ ] No.
Hendquarters, & Juan 1954, Box 5 (5).
"See Is [ ] Report # 22, "Current Planning of CALL: GERIS Organization." 11 December 1951, Box 134 (5) and "Chotaca Report," 13 Fannary 1954, (5).
"See Visitable of "
                      " See Disparch, & [
                                                                                                                                            ]. "Training," 6 hune 1954, Box 75
   (Secret, PBSUCCESS, Ryber).
   "To ENCOUN, 16 May 1934, "Testical Interesticat (part II)," (5) and To LINCOUN, "Instructions" Nerve War Against Individuals," 9 Aug 1931, 8ex 50 (5).
                     15 See COS Gesternels City, to Wanters Hemisphers Division, und
   Geotomala City 553 to LINCOLN, 14 May 1954. See also the COS, dispatch Geotomala City .....
   LINCOLN, 14 May 1934, Box 641 (5), {
  "Soc ] mone for the receipt, "Worldy PBSUCCESS Meeting with ]" 9 March 1954, 
Box 156 (15). Even before this meeting ] Judgested that the top Quaternalus leadership needed to be appaintmented during the first hours of the revulation. They had to be "pulled out by the
  tools." If we waited [
                                                                          three years." Sec [
                                                                                                                                                                                                             ] soc
          , "Administrative Details," 15 April 1954, Box 70 (5); " Imemo for the record, "Messag," 2
  March 1934, Box 10 (5).
                                  Imenu for the round, "Report of Mr. [
                                                                                                                                               Jon OAS Conference," 29 March
 1934, Box 145 (TS).

* Sec. Chief, Economic Warlanc, (
 Jon 31 March.
                             Thos Book for 31 March 1934, Box 131 (S).
                   12 Memo, Box 143 (5).
                   the file on 1 June 1934, Box 145 (5)
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] "Summary of Operation," 18 April 1954, Box 114 (S). See also Disputch, 1950. Sor memo to [ ] "Summary of Operation," 19 April 1954, Box 134 (S). An attacherent mojes that some [ ] for [ ] "Assets in Guarante," 14 April 1954, Box 134 (S). An attacherent mojes that some mojes are also an another list for "cradication." (not attachment in Box 192). See also [ ] for mojes are also and that a man 200 (S). ] 5 April 1954, Box 125 (S).
\*\*Sea memo for the record, "Synthesis of [ ]'s remarks Relevant to PESUCCESS, Rybari. 4 3cc[ Tto Director, 25 May 1934, Bost 4 (5) and [ } to Director, 21 May 1454, Box 4 (5). "Sou to Hendquarters, 29 May 1994, Box 13 (S). Perhaps [ ]Ottle chief [ ] Indian at a conference built in ...] on 2 June 1924. See [ Report, "2 June 1924, Box 146 (Secret, PRSUCCESS, Ryber).

"Sou departs." [ ] to [ ], "K-Program, [ ] JOHNer.[ 3" 25 May 1954, Box 145 (Secret, PESUCCESS, Rybed).

\* Sec "Disposal List Mouse Addresses," copied from an attachment to dispositio, ( ]] Jame 1954, Sox 165, (Sp. 8 contained iS names. See 2006. ] musting all mate. (Objects dated IS May 1954), Sox 145 (Source, Bylant).

] draft memo, "Present Scaus and Possible Foture Course of PSSUCCESS," I James. " Sec [ 1954, Box (45 (5). Interne for the record, "Points Covered in LOW Discussions of Func 1 and 2," I func 1954, Box 145, (5). This memo is originally from 1st 00073R, Box 1, Folder 3,

"See "Contact Report," 2 face 1954, Box 146 (Secret, PESIOCESS, Rybut). See also i,
memo for the report, "Pointy Covernal in New Discountion of June 1 and 2," I face 1954 and [, Finadquarers, 12 June 1954, Box 11 (S). See earlier Agency meetings with Gustesmalae sufficient femder,
"First Meeting, 4 May 1954, Dispatch," [Inc. 1954, Box 134 (S); and Dispatch, [Inc. 1954, Box 134 (S); and Dispatch, [Inc. 1954, Box 134 (Socret, Society, Socie (5). For Its cable, so [ PBSUCCESS, Rybat). ] to LINCOLM, 14 June 1954, Box 93 (Secret, PSSUCCESS, Rybal); \* Sut ( \$ to LINCOLN, 19 Same 1954, Box 93 (5); and LINCOLN, 4115 to Headquarters, 22 ne 1954, Plox 93 (Secret, PBSUCCESS, Rybro).

" [ ] in Lincoln, 23 June 1954, Box 146 (S) and [ Duller, 19 June 1954, Ben 91 (5). \*\* See Handquesters to LINEOLN, 5857, 22 June 1954, Box 143, (TS).

\*\* See Gustemata City 977 to LINEOLN, 27 June 1954, Box 145 (Source, PBSUCCESS, Rydne). \*John H. Wafter, ClA Inspector General, letter to Thomas Parmer, Chairman of the Incatinguace Oversight Board, 15 October 1979.

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